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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/829,151	04/09/2001	Alan Young	063170.6800	8242
5073 7590 07/02/2007 BAKER BOTTS L.L.P. 2001 ROSS AVENUE SUITE 600 DALLAS, TX 75201-2980				
			EXAMINER NGUYEN, TAN D	
			ART UNIT 3629	PAPER NUMBER
			NOTIFICATION DATE 07/02/2007	DELIVERY MODE ELECTRONIC

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

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Office Action Summary	Application No. 09/829,151	Applicant(s) YOUNG, ALAN	
	Examiner Tan Dean D. Nguyen	Art Unit 3629	

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 23 January 2007.
- 2a) ☐ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-7,9 and 10 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-7,9 and 10 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____ |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application |
| 3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____ | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____ |

DETAILED ACTION

Response to Amendment

The response of 1/23/07 is noted. Claims 1-7 (method), 9 (system) 10 (apparatus) are pending and are rejected as followed.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 101

1. 35 U.S.C. 101 reads as follows:

Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefor, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.

Claim 9 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 because the claimed invention is directed to non-statutory subject matter, not a process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter. The elements of the system such a workflow manager and a contextual visualization are mere modules or program codes.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

2. Claims 2-6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. The phrase "message represents a reference event" or other "event" is vague because, a message or information can not represent an event. In claim 1, it says "the message indicating an occurrence of the business event" so the message can describe about an event.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

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(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

4. The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham v. John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148

USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining

obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

5. Claims 1-7, 9-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over BATTAT et al in view of COGNOS or PEOPLESOFT or ORACLE.

As of 1/23/07, independent method claim 1 is as followed:

1. (Previously presented) A method for reporting a value of a key performance indicator comprising:

- (a) receiving information identifying a key performance indicator to monitor;
- (b) identifying at least one business event associated with the selected key performance indicator;
- c) receiving a business event message indicating an occurrence of the business event, the business event message including business data describing the business event;
- (d) in response to receiving the business event message, electronically determining the value of the key performance indicator based on the business data; and

(d) displaying the determined value of the key performance indicator via a contextual visualization interface.

Note: for convenience, alphabetical letters (a)-(d) are attached to the beginning of each step.

In a network management system, BATTAT et al is cited to teach a method for reporting /displaying information with respect to change of events, comprising the steps of the claimed invention above, except for the fact that the information at issue is not about a key performance indicator (KPI) to monitor {see Fig. 3, steps (301), (302), (303), (304), (305), (306), (307), (308), (309), (310), and (311), Fig. 1, Fig. 10j, col. 8-9, col. 15, lines 22-40).

ORACLE is cited to teach a business monitoring and management application and integrated information source including the use of tracking key performance indicators (KPI) and forecasting business opportunity to improve competitive advantage and enhance business operation with multidimensional analysis by empowering the business managers and executives to easily analyze e-business sales and marketing data via a standard web browser {see page 1}. The software provides global access to real time sales forecasts, marketing trends and internet click-stream data to enhance a company's customer intelligence {see page 1}. It would have been obvious to modify the teachings of BATTAT et al to further include KPI application as taught by COGNOS for at least one of the many benefits cited above.

PEOPLESOFT is cited to teach a business monitoring and management application and integrated cause-and-effect perspective on key management processes

by providing the capabilities necessary to design and monitor critical success factors and calculate KPI to help managers develop and execute organizational strategy {see page 1}. The PeopleSoft Balanced scorecard leverages data and metrics from internal and external data sources and provides a focal point for EPM's four business solutions: Strategic & Financial management, Workforce Analytics and Industry Process management, and Customer Relationship management {see page 1}. It would have been obvious to modify the teachings of BATTAT et al to further include KPI application as taught by PEOPLESOFT for at least one of the many benefits cited above, i.e. KPI to help managers develop and execute EPM's four business solutions: Strategic & Financial management, Workforce Analytics and Industry Process management, and Customer Relationship management.

COGNOS is cited to teach allows organizations to deliver business intelligence **applications** across the enterprise based on a shared dimensional framework. From the building of subject area data marts, to the automatic design and deployment of business models and reports, DecisionStream is the foundation for end-to-end BI. Its integration with PowerPlay, Impromptu, and Cognos Visualizer allows users to identify and analyze trends and **key performance indicators** and drill through to relational data reports for transaction-level details. The result is that all users have access to consistent data for more informed and coordinated analysis, reporting, and decision-making across and outside the enterprise. It would have been obvious to modify the teachings of BATTAT et al to further include KPI application as taught by COGNOS for at least one of the many benefits cited above.

As for dep. claims 2-6 (part of 1 above), which deal with the type of business event message or features of the messages with respect to events, these are non-essential to the scope of the claimed invention and are fairly taught in Fig. 3A and 3 element (304) of BATTAT et al.

As for dep. claim 7 (part of 1 above), which deal with the type of PKI, i.e. prediction (trend or forecast), this is fairly taught in COGNOS or PEOPLESOFT or ORACLE, as described above.

As for independent system claim 9 or 10, which is merely the system/apparatus to carry out the method of claim 1 above, it's rejected over the system/apparatus of BATTAT et al (Figs. 1, 2 and 3) and COGNOS or PEOPLESOFT or ORACLE. Alternatively, the set up of a computer system to carry out a respective computed-method claim would have been obvious to a skilled artisan.

Response to Arguments

6. Applicant's arguments, see Response, filed 1/23/07, with respect to the rejection(s) of claim(s) 1-7, 9-10 under the various rejections have been fully considered and are persuasive. Therefore, the rejection has been withdrawn. However, upon further consideration, a new ground(s) of rejection is made in view of the teachings cited above.

No claims are allowed.

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7. Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct@uspto.gov>. Should you have any questions on access to the private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll free).

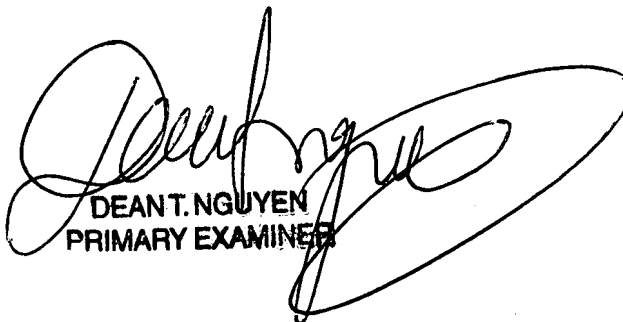
In receiving an Office Action, it becomes apparent that certain documents are missing, e. g. copies of references, Forms PTO 1449, PTO-892, etc., requests for copies should be directed to Tech Center 3600 Customer Service at (571) 272-3600, or e-mail CustomerService3600@uspto.gov.

Any inquiry concerning the merits of the examination of the application should be directed to Dean Tan Nguyen at telephone number (571) 272-6806. My work schedule is normally Monday through Friday from 6:30 am - 4:00 pm. I am scheduled to be off every other Friday.

Should I be unavailable during my normal working hours, my supervisor John Weiss can be reached at (571) 272-6812.

The main FAX phone numbers for formal communications concerning this application are (571) 273-8300. My personal Fax is (571) 273-6806. Informal communications may be made, following a telephone call to the examiner, by an informal FAX number to be given.

dtn
June 25, 2007



DEANT.NGUYEN
PRIMARY EXAMINER